ABSOLUTE BARRIER® Y30BAC



HIGH PERFORMANCE LLDPE/EVOH GEOMEMBRANE GAS BARRIER

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

Absolute Barrier® Y30BAC is a seven-layer co-extruded geomembrane consisting of very flexible, linear-low-density polyethylene (LLDPE) with an inner core of chemically resistant EVOH barrier resin, designed specifically as a barrier against radon, methane and VOCs. High strength LLDPE provides exceptional tear and impact resistance. A robust stabilization package that exceeds the industry standard; provides longterm protection from thermal oxidation and ultraviolet degradation in exposed applications.

PRODUCT USE

Absolute Barrier® Y-Series is designed to stop gas vapor migration on Brownfield sites, in residential and commercial buildings, as well as geomembrane containment and covering systems. When installed under concrete slabs as a gas barrier, a passive system is recommended to include a ventilated system with sump(s) that could be converted to an active control system with properly designed ventilation fans. Y30BAC is over 800 times less permeable to methane gas than LLDPE vapor barriers in a comparable thickness.

Absolute Barrier® performs extremely well preventing the degradation of EPS geofoam by protecting it from harsh VOCs including direct gasoline or diesel fuel contact.

Absolute Barrier® Y30BAC is a highly effective, temporary and long-term, landfill caps with VOC diffusion coefficients ranging from 40 to 240 times less than standard 80 mil HDPE geomembranes. Contaminants found in leachate and gas in municipal and hazardous waste landfills can migrate through standard HDPE; contributing to both atmospheric and groundwater contaminations. Absolute Barrier® Y-Series is an effective barrier to a wide range of VOCs including benzene, toluene, trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene, and many others.

SIZE & PACKAGING

Absolute Barrier® Y30BAC is available in 16' c-fold or in fabricated panels up to 50,000 sq. ft. All fabricated panels are accordion folded and tightly rolled onto a heavy-duty core for ease of handling and time saving installation.



EPS Geofoam Protection

PRODUCT

PART #

APPLICATIONS

Underslab Methane Barrier **EPS Geofoam Protection**

Landfill Cap Underslab Vapor Barrier

Temporary Landfill Gas Cover Remediation Cover / Liner

Floating Gas Cover Leachate Collection Ponds

Underslab VOC Barrier Odor Control Barrier

Underslab Radon Barrier Secondary Containment



BSOLUTE BARRIER® Y30BAC

HIGH PERFORMANCE LLDPE/EVOH GEOMEMBRANE GAS BARRIER

		ABSOLUTE BARRIER® Y30BAC			
		IMPERIAL		METRIC	
PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM	TYPICAL	MINIMUM	TYPICAL
Appearance		Black		Black	
THICKNESS	ASTM D5199	30 Mils Average	30 Mils Nominal	0.76 mm Average	0.76 mm Nominal
WEIGHT		150 lbs/msf		732 g/m²	
Tensile Strength at Break	ASTM D6693	85 lbs/in	100 lbs/in	149 N/cm	175 N/cm
Tensile Elongation at Break	ASTM D6693	500 %	600 %	500 %	600 %
Tear Strength	ASTM D1004	18 lbs	22 lbs	80 N	98 N
Puncture Resistance	ASTM D4833	60 lbs	75 lbs	267 N	334 N
Oxidation Induction Time (OIT) or High Pressure OIT (HPOIT)	ASTM D3895 ASTM D5885	100 min 400 min	250 min -	100 min 400 min	250 min -
CARBON BLACK CONTENT 7	ASTM D4218	2.0 %	2.3 %	2.0 %	2.3 %
CARBON BLACK DISPERSION	ASTM D5596	Pass			
Benzene Permeance	See Note ⁶	$2.13 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $1.93 \times 10^{-13} \text{ m/s}$			
Toluene Permeance	See Note ⁶	$2.95 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $7.77 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m/s}$			
ETHYLBENZENE PERMEANCE	See Note ⁶	$2.31 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $1.78 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m/s}$			
M & P-Xylenes Permeance	See Note ⁶	$2.19 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $2.03 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m/s}$			
O-Xylene Permeance	See Note ⁶	$2.07 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $1.83 \times 10^{-14} \text{ m/s}$			
METHANE PERMEANCE	ASTM D1434	< 4.93E ⁻¹³ m/s			
Hydrogen Sulfide	See Note ⁹	1.45E ⁻⁰⁹ m/s			
Trichloroethylene (tce)	See Note ⁶	$1.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $5.60 \times 10^{-15} \text{ m/s}$			
PERCHLOROETHYLENE (PCE)	See Note ⁶	$1.35 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec}$ or $5.57 \times 10^{-15} \text{ m/s}$			
COLD TEMPERATURE IMPACT	ASTM D746	-40° F -40° C			
MAXIMUM STATIC USE TEMPERATURE		180° F		82° C	
	FACTOF	RY SEAM REQUIREM	IENTS		
Bonded Seam Strength	ASTM D6392 Mod. ⁵	57 lbs/in.	75 lbs/in.	100 N/cm	131 N/cm
Seam Peel Adhesion	ASTM D6392 Mod. ⁵	45 lbs/in.	60 lbs/in.	79 N/cm	105 N/cm

⁵ Raven Industries performs seam testing at 20" per minute.

Absolute Barrier® Y30BAC is a seven-layer co-extruded geomembrane consisting of very flexible, linear-low-density polyethylene (LLDPE) with an inner core of chemically resistant EVOH barrier resin, designed specifically as a barrier against radon, methane and VOCs. High strength LLDPE provides exceptional tear and impact resistance. A robust stabilization package that exceeds the industry standard; provides long-term protection from thermal oxidation and ultraviolet degradation in exposed applications.



Note: To the best of our knowledge, unless otherwise stated, these are typical property values and are intended as guides only, not as specification limits. Chemical resistance, odor transmission, longevity as well as other performance criteria is not implied or given and actual testing must be performed for applicability in specific applications and/or conditions. VIAFLEX MAKES NO WARRANTIES AS TO THE FITNESS FOR A SPECIFIC USE OR MERCHANTABILITY OF PRODUCTS REFERRED TO, no guarantee of satisfactory results from reliance upon contained information or recommendations and disclaims all liability for resulting loss or damage. Warranty available at www.viaflex.com



Aqueous Phase Film Permeance

Permeation of Volatile Organic Compounds through EVOH Thin Film Membranes and Coextruded LLDPE/EVOH/
LLDPE Geomembranes, McWatters and Rowe, Journal of Geotechnical and Geoenvironmental Engineering O ASCE/
September 2015. (Permeation is the Permeation Coefficient adjusted to actual film thickness - calculated at 1 kg/m³.)

September 2015. (Permeation is the Permeation Coefficient adjusted to actual film thickness - calculated at 1 kg/m².)
The study used to determine PCE and TCE is tublet. Evaluation of diffusion of PCE & TCE through high performance geomembranes by Di Battista and Rowe, Queens University 8 Feb 2018.

No carbon black in barrier layers.
The study used to determine diffusion coefficients is titled: Hydrogen Sulfide (H₂5) Transport through Simulated Interim Covers with Conventional and Co-Extruded Ethylene-Vinyl Alcohol (EVOH) Geomembranes.